

OPGAVE 1

15 000 m	2 600 dm	0,0013 hm
1,3 km	53 000 cm	1 500 mm
38 000 dm	145 dam	17 600 mm

OPGAVE 2

500 m ²	600 ha	1,65 dm ²
27 a	1,75 dm ²	150 ca
2 a, 88 ca	2,34 dam ²	350 cm ²
2 ha, 13 a, 43 ca		

OPGAVE 3

227 000 l	0,582 dam ³	3 500 000 kl
5 000 000 dm ³	60 000 hl	125 ml
2 700 kl	0,0175 dm ³	0,0015 dam ³

OPGAVE 4

- a) $2 \times (175 + 125) = 600 \text{ m} = 60 \text{ dam}$.
 b) $17,5 \times 12,5 = 218,75 \text{ dam}^2$
 c) $218,75 \times 0,8 = 175 \text{ dam}^3$ of $17,5 \times 12,5 \times 0,8 = 175 \text{ dam}^3$
 d) Vloeroppervlakte: $218,75 \times 125\% = 273,44 \text{ dam}^2$
 De inhoud wijzigt niet.

OPGAVE 5

- a) $1,5 \text{ ha} = 15\,000 \text{ m}^2 \times 15 = 225\,000 \text{ l}$
 b) $15 \text{ l per m}^2 = 15\,000\,000 \text{ mm}^3$. Een m^2 is $1\,000\,000 \text{ mm}^2$.
 $15 \text{ l/m}^2 = 15\,000\,000/1\,000\,000$ is 15 mm hoog.
 c) $225\,000 \text{ l} = 225 \text{ kl} = 225 \text{ ton}$.

OPGAVE 6

- a) $65 \times 250 = 16\,250 \text{ kg}$
 b) $65 \times 235 = 15\,275 \text{ kg}$
 c) De zeecontainer.
 d) De 65 houten kratten.
 e) $18\,600 - 16\,250 = 2\,350 \text{ kg}$
 f) $65 \times 15 = 975 \text{ kg}$

OPGAVE 7

- a) $42/2 = 21 \text{ kl} = 21\,000 \text{ l} / 30 \text{ l} = 700 \text{ vaten.}$
b) $681 \text{ dal} = 6\,810 \text{ l} / 0,5 \text{ l} = 13\,620 \text{ blikjes.}$
c) $141,9 \text{ hl} = 14\,190 \text{ l} / 0,33 \text{ l} = 43\,000 \text{ flesjes.}$

OPGAVE 8

- a) $22 \times 15 \times 0,15 = 49,5 \text{ m}^3 \text{ zand.}$
b) Oppervlakte parkeerterrein $22 \times 15 = 330 \text{ m}^2 = 3\,300\,000 \text{ cm}^2$
Oppervlakte betonsteen $10 \times 20 = 200 \text{ cm}^2$
 $3\,300\,000 / 200 = 16\,500 \text{ stenen.}$
c) $22 \times 15 \times 0,15 = 49,5 \text{ m}^3 \text{ zand} \times 1\,600 \text{ kg} = 79\,200 \text{ kg}$
 $22 \times 15 \times 0,08 = 26,4 \text{ m}^3 \text{ betonstenen} \times 2\,400 \text{ kg} = \underline{63\,360 \text{ kg}}$
Totaalgewicht $\underline{142\,560 \text{ kg}}$
d) $2 \times (22 + 15) - 3 = 71 \text{ m.}$

OPGAVE 9

- a) $1\,100 \text{ mm} - 110 \text{ mm} = 990 \text{ mm. } 990 \text{ mm} / 11 \text{ mm} = 90 \text{ lagen.}$
b) $90 \times 20 = 1\,800 \text{ stuks.}$
c) $4\,500 / 1\,800 = 2,5$ dus 3 palletplaatsen.
d) 2 volle pallets van $10 \times 8 \times 11 = 880 \text{ dm}^3$.
Restpallet $45 \text{ boeken} \times 11 \text{ mm} = 495 \text{ mm} + \text{pallet } 110 \text{ mm} = 605 \text{ mm} = 6,05 \text{ dm.}$
 $10 \times 8 \times 6,05 = 484 \text{ dm}^3$.
d) Volle pallet $1\,800 \times 0,425 + 17 = 782 \text{ kg.}$
Restpallet $900 \times 0,425 + 17 = 399,5 \text{ kg.}$

OPGAVE 10

- a) $6 \times 0,5 = 3 \text{ ha} = 30\,000 \text{ m}^2$. $75 \text{ cc} = 0,075 \text{ l. } 0,075 \times 30\,000 = 2\,250 \text{ l.}$
b) $2\,250 \text{ l} = 2\,250 \text{ dm}^3$. $2\,250 \times 5,5 = 12\,375 \text{ hg} = 1\,237,5 \text{ kg.}$
c) $1\,237,5 / 25 = 49,5$ dus 50 zakken
d) $2 \times 49,5 = 99 \text{ zakken.}$